

Forum Safran 2022

Brevik CCS

Evolution of a Risk Model

- The road to ISCRA

Peter Moberg
Project Control Manager



BREVIK CCS

Brevik CCS – Evolution of a Risk Model

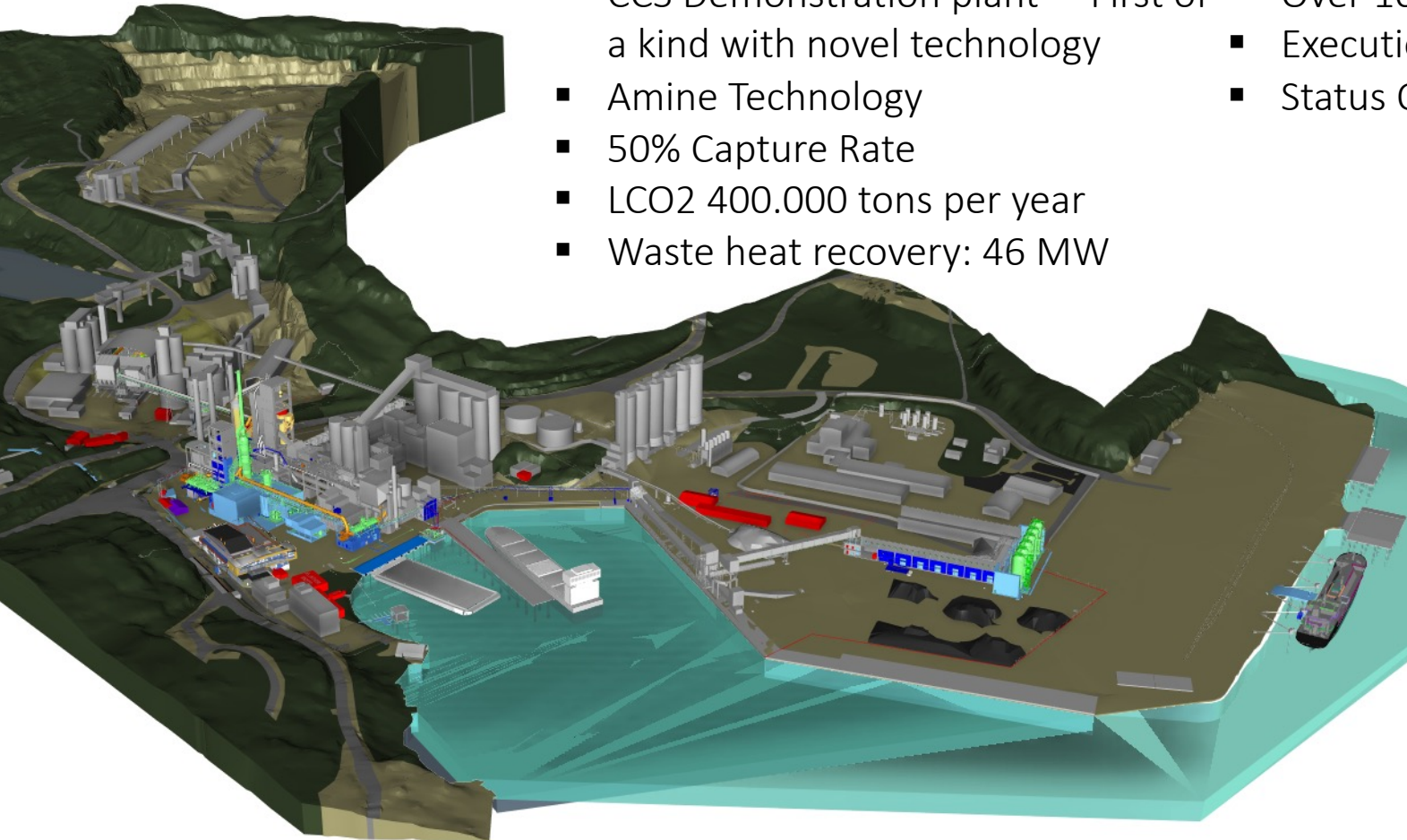


Agenda

1. Project Background and Scope
2. Contract Environment – Requirements for Uncertainty Analysis
3. Uncertainty Model from FEED phase
4. Uncertainty Model in Execution Phase
5. Key Challenges and Learning Points

Brevik CCS - Project Overview

- CCS Demonstration plant – First of a kind with novel technology
- Amine Technology
- 50% Capture Rate
- LCO2 400.000 tons per year
- Waste heat recovery: 46 MW
- Over 100 year old Facility
- Execution Period late 2020 to 2024
- Status Oct-22, 45% Complete



Brevik CCS - Part of Longship



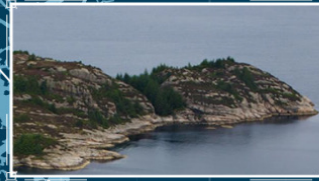
Northern Lights –
Equinor, Total og Shell

Resp. for CO₂ transport and Storage



CO₂

Terminal at
Øygarden,
Hordaland



Hafslund Oslo

Celsio

Waste to Energy



Norcem AS, Brevik
Cement production



- Transport with Ships
- 700 km distance
- Liquid CO₂ (15 barg, -26°C)





Brevik CCS - Contract Environment

The Project is governed by a Grant Support Agreement with the Norwegian State and parallel contracts for scope of work

The Administrative Provisions (App D.) has a “SHALL” requirement for performing Baseline Revisions twice a year. (April & October)

The requirement for Baseline revision in App D. includes the following statement:

a) Risk analysis of the schedule and costs shall be performed, and must list the most important risks and opportunities for remaining work”

Where “Risk Analysis” is understood to include Quantitative Risk Analysis.

Uncertainty Analysis is performed for both CAPEX Investment project and OPEX.

Grant Support Agreement
with Norwegian State (NTK)

Main EPC
Contractors (NTK)

Contract
1
(NS8405)

Contract 2
(NS8405)

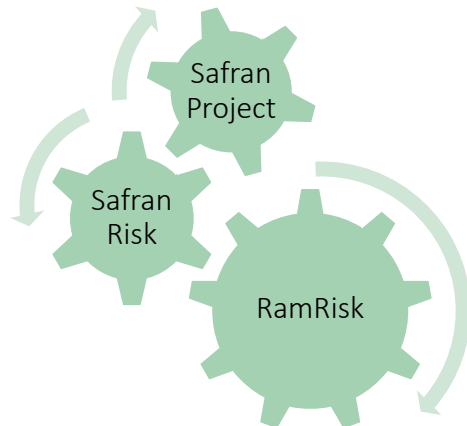
Contract 3
(NS8405)

Contract n
(NS8405)

Brevik CCS - UA Process & Model

UA - Process

- Based on ISO 31000
- Start with Kick off meeting with all, continue with smaller groups in workshops
- Introduced Structured Walk Through of results
- Project Control Team
- Quality & Risk Manager (Qualitative)
- Risk Analyst – Quantitative



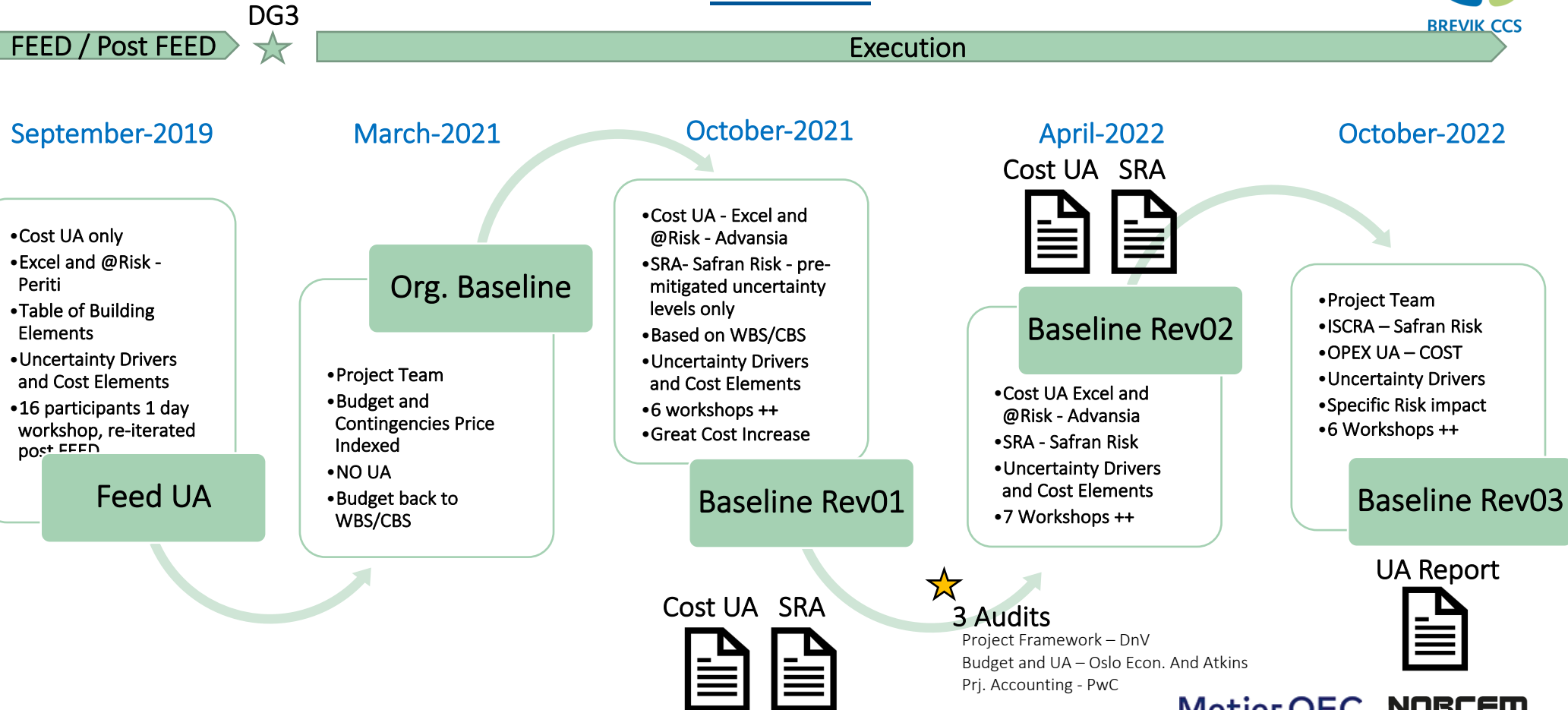
Cost UA Model CAPEX

- Cost Breakdown Structure according WBS 1:1 – Cost pane in Safran Risk
- Estimate uncertainty in use
- Uncertainty Drivers in use (Risk Register)
- Risk Register in Safran Risk aligned with Qualitative Risk Register (RamRisk-Rambøll)

COST UA Model – OPEX

- Separated UA Model for OPEX Cost
- Estimate Uncertainty only (for now)
- Global Factors

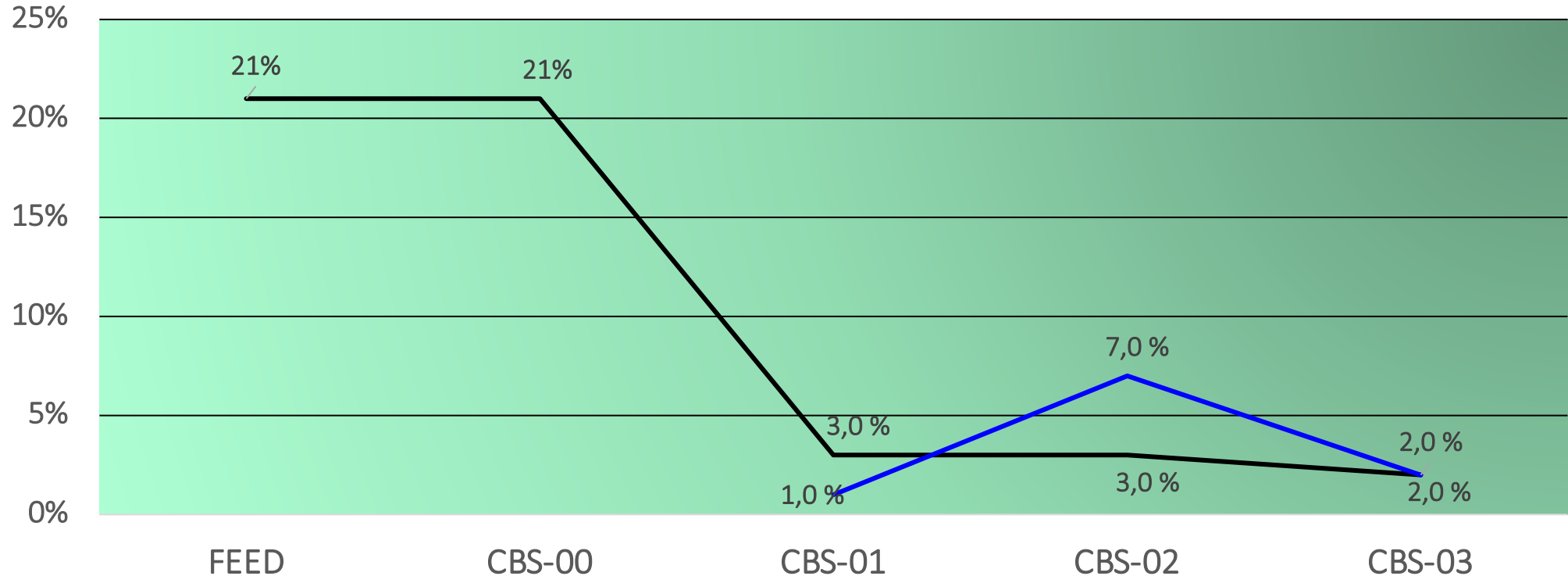
Brevik CCS – Baseline Revisions Timeline



Brevik CCS – Baseline Revisions Timeline

Deterministic Probability

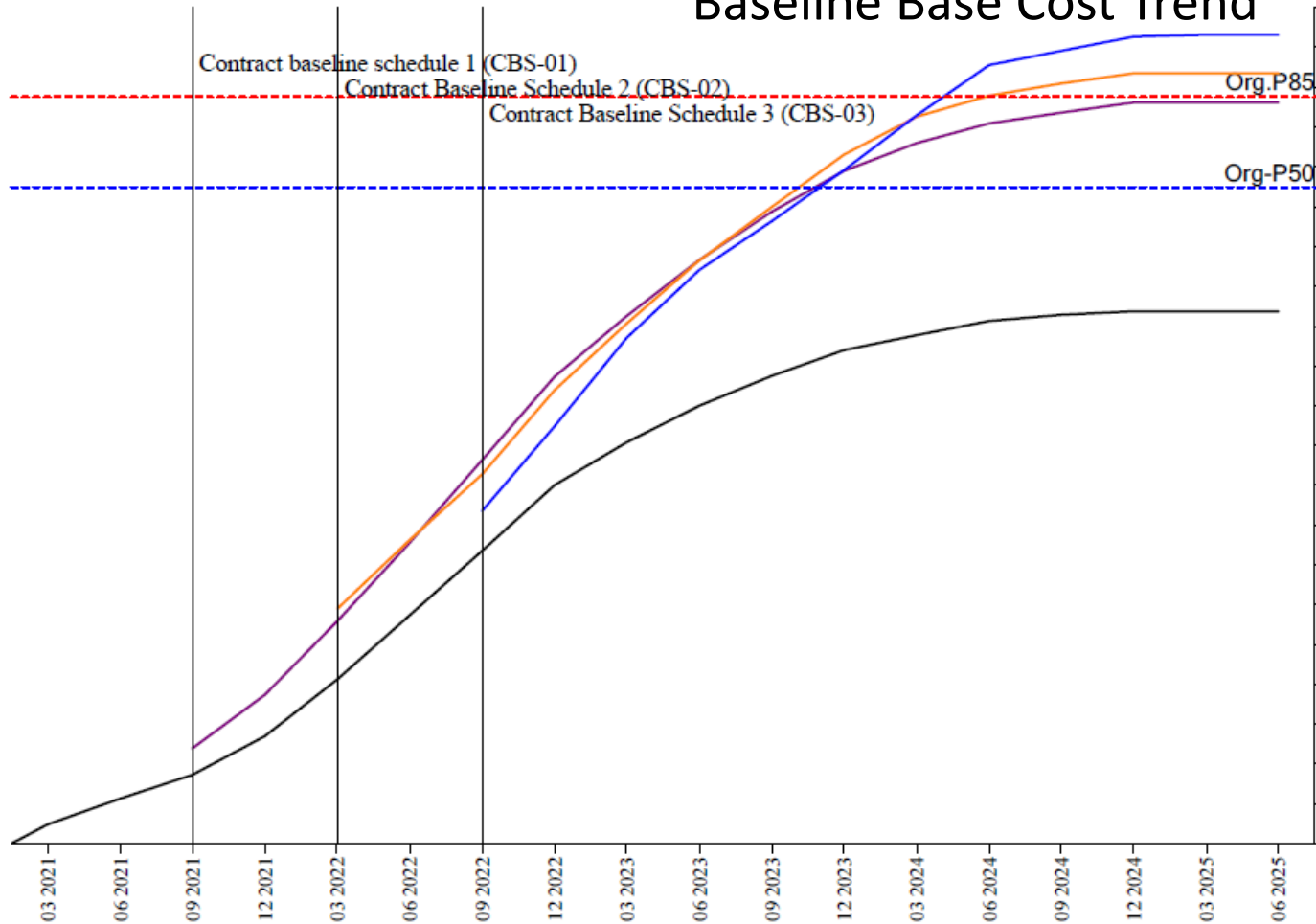
Brevik CCS - Cost and Schedule Probability per Baseline Revision



— Deterministic Cost Probability

— Deterministic Schedule Probability

Baseline Base Cost Trend

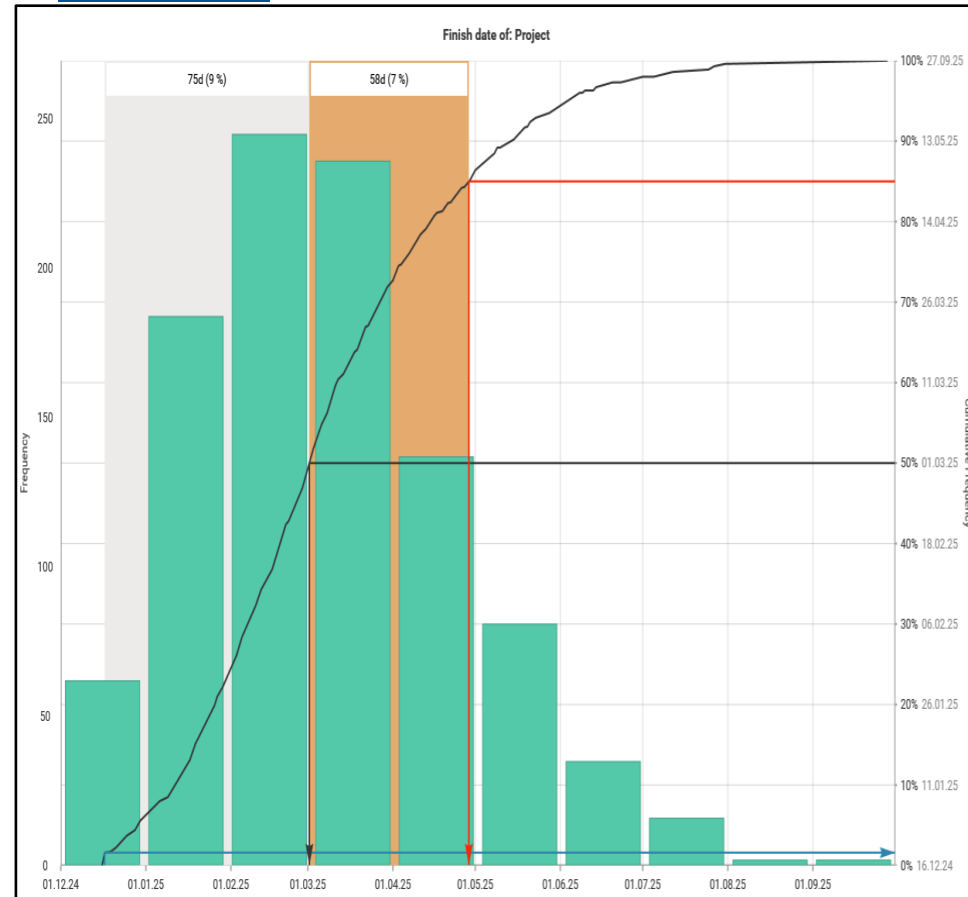


Between Org. Baseline and Baseline Rev 01 the Base Cost reached the org-P85

Brevik CCS – Schedule Risk Model

Schedule UA Model in Safran Risk

- Use the integrated project schedule as basis (NO separately created schedule just for SRA)
- Import from Safran Project with a filter that excludes non-relevant schedule data
 - Needs to contain only ongoing and future activities
 - Created Flag fields for easy exclusion
- Simplify the analysis by having the last Activity/Milestone on the Deterministic Finish date
- Use Hammocks to simplify simulations



Brevik CCS – UA Model

Schedule import to Safran Risk

Filters

Filter: sra filter (PETER.MOBERG) From: All Users

New... Save As... Rename... Delete

(Field	Operator	Expression)	And/Or
▼	Cancelled Date	IS	NULL	▼	AND ▼
▼	Current Actual Finish	IS	NULL	▼	AND ▼
▼	CBS Code (Flag 2)	IS	NULL	▼	AND ▼
▼	Exclude from SRA (Flag 3)	IS	NULL	▼	▼

Insert Row Add Row Delete Row Clear All Apply OK Cancel

Excluded Activities from Detail Schedule:

Cancelled Activities
 Completed Activities
 Management & Preliminary Activities
 Year long activities
 Engineering Follow On
 Activities after point of interest for SRA

Created a filter to easy exclude these types of activities.

Key Challenges

Challenges – how to:

- Establish a common Understanding of Uncertainty Framework and terminology
- Transpose probability and consequence from a Qualitative Risk Register (RamRisk) to Quantitative Uncertainty Model (Safran Risk)
- Get reliable input on risk from Main Contractors – Very difficult if not included in contract, Difficult if included → Knowledge and capability to work systematically with uncertainty
- Deal with risk correlation
- Use Factors and Specific Risks
- Model prolongation of project duration and Costs (answer is ISCRA)
- Handle the need for tweaking the results – “We need less/more uncertainty”, “which number do you want.

Key Learning Points

Learning points:

- **Get your inputs right:** Schedule integrity, Cost Breakdown Structure, and the Risk register (impacts, relative/absolute)
 - Facilitate process and accommodate for collaboration across organizational boundaries.
- Process Lead and performing Workshops
- Communication of results – To team, to Project Director, to SteCo and Owner
 - What does it mean? What does the numbers mean.
- Spread of Contingency levels is arbitrary – Subjective after UA result – Who needs how much.



HEIDELBERGCEMENT



BREVIK CCS

Projects - Shaping the future!

Questions?